

Memphis Depot

Dunn Field Early Remedy Implementation

Presented By:

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Project Manager CH2M Hill

Memphis Depot Restoration Advisory Board Meeting

October 21, 2004



**U.S. Army Engineering
and Support Center,
Huntsville**



CH2MHILL

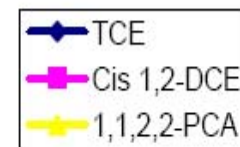
Early Remedy Implementation



- **The Final Dunn Field Record of Decision (ROD) approved in April 2004**
 - Excavation and offsite disposal of affected soil and debris from disposal sites
 - Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE) of soil containing solvents
 - Institutional Controls for surface soil on west side of Dunn Field
 - Zero-Valent Iron (ZVI) injection, Permeable Reactive Barrier (PRB), and Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) with Institutional Controls for groundwater
- **Data collected in 2003/2004 as part of the Remedial Design (RD) revealed rise in levels of Chlorinated Volatile Organic Compounds (CVOCs) in area west of Dunn Field**

VOC Concentrations in Monitoring Well MW-54

VOCs (ug/L)



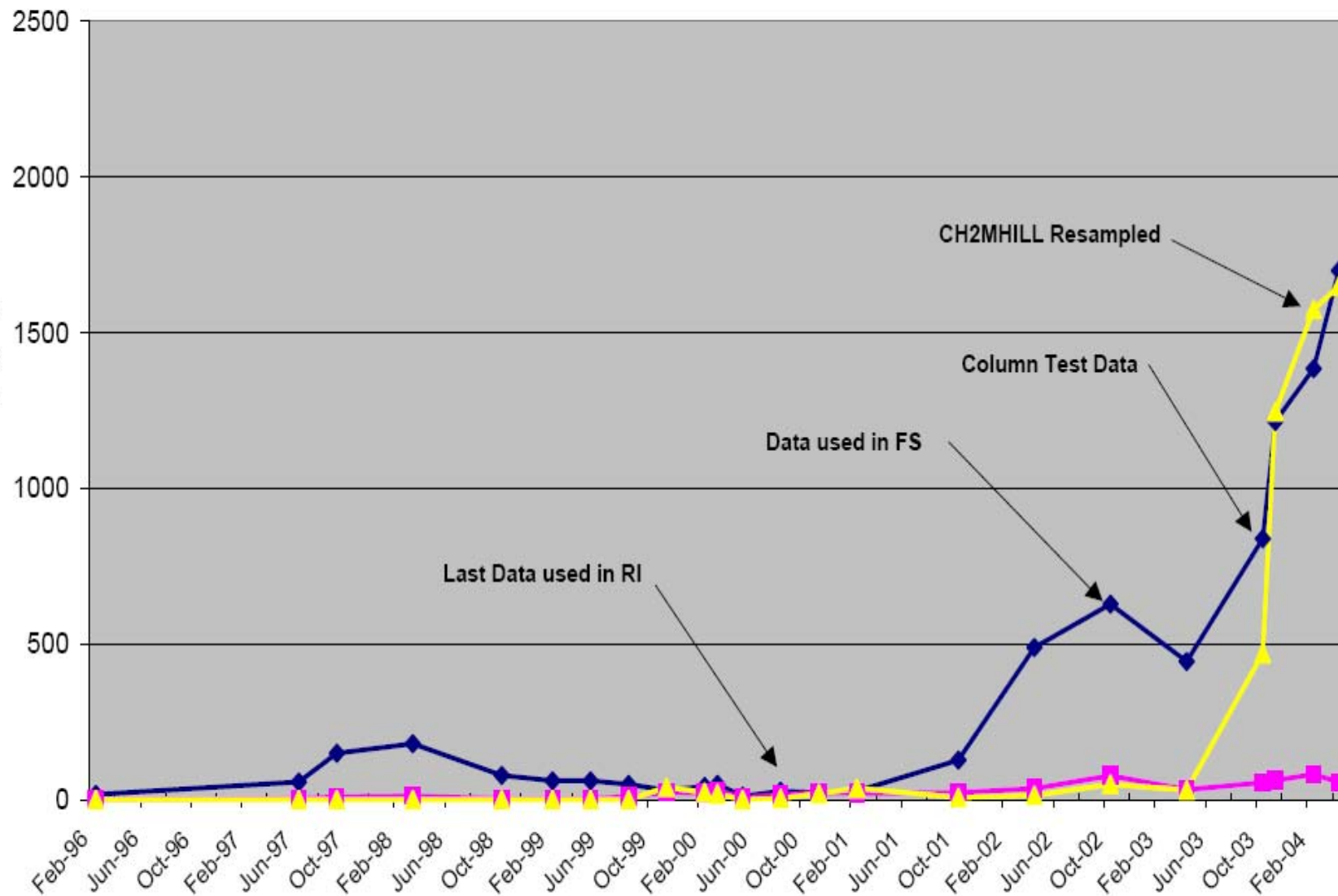
CH2MHILL Resampled

Column Test Data

Data used in FS

Last Data used in RI

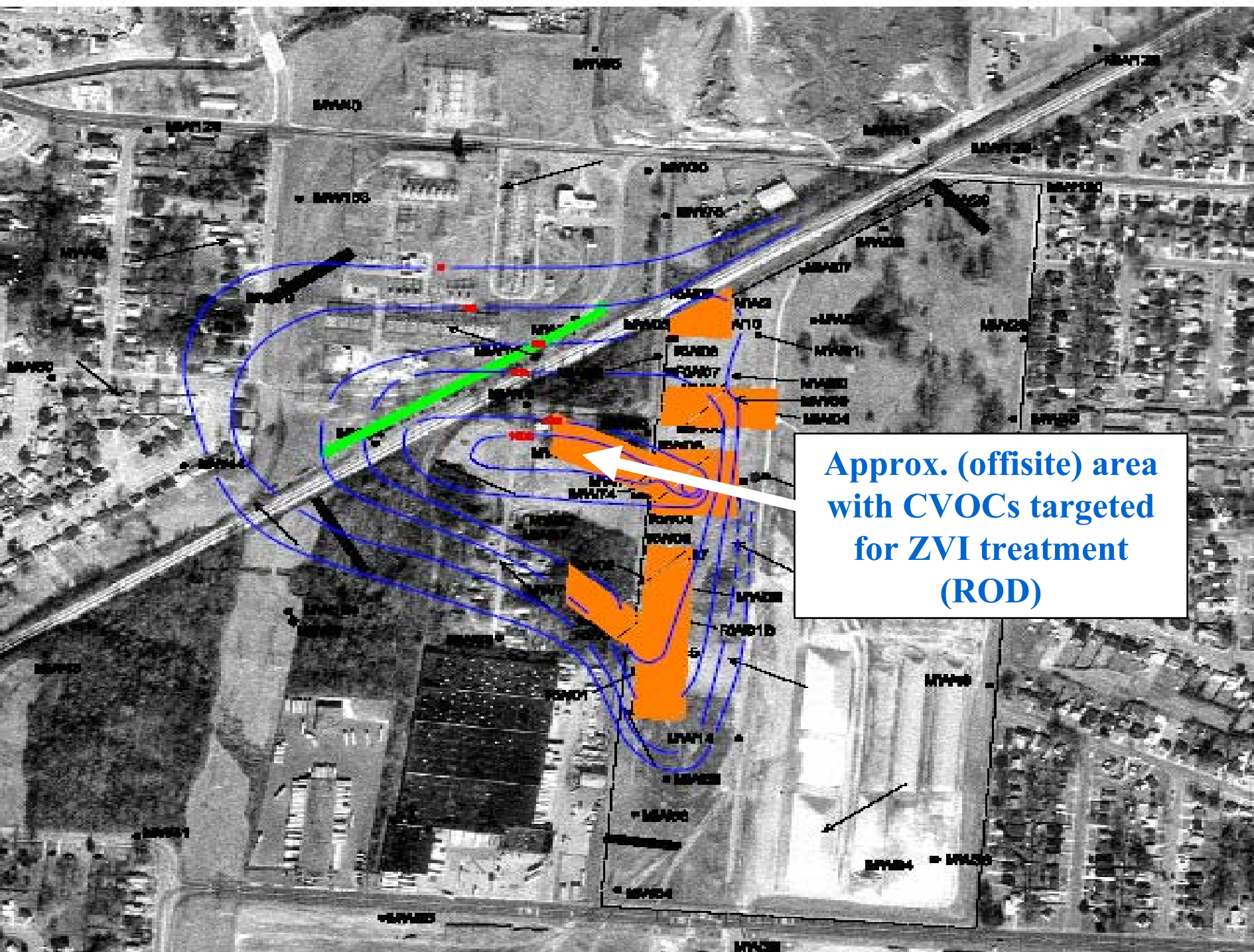
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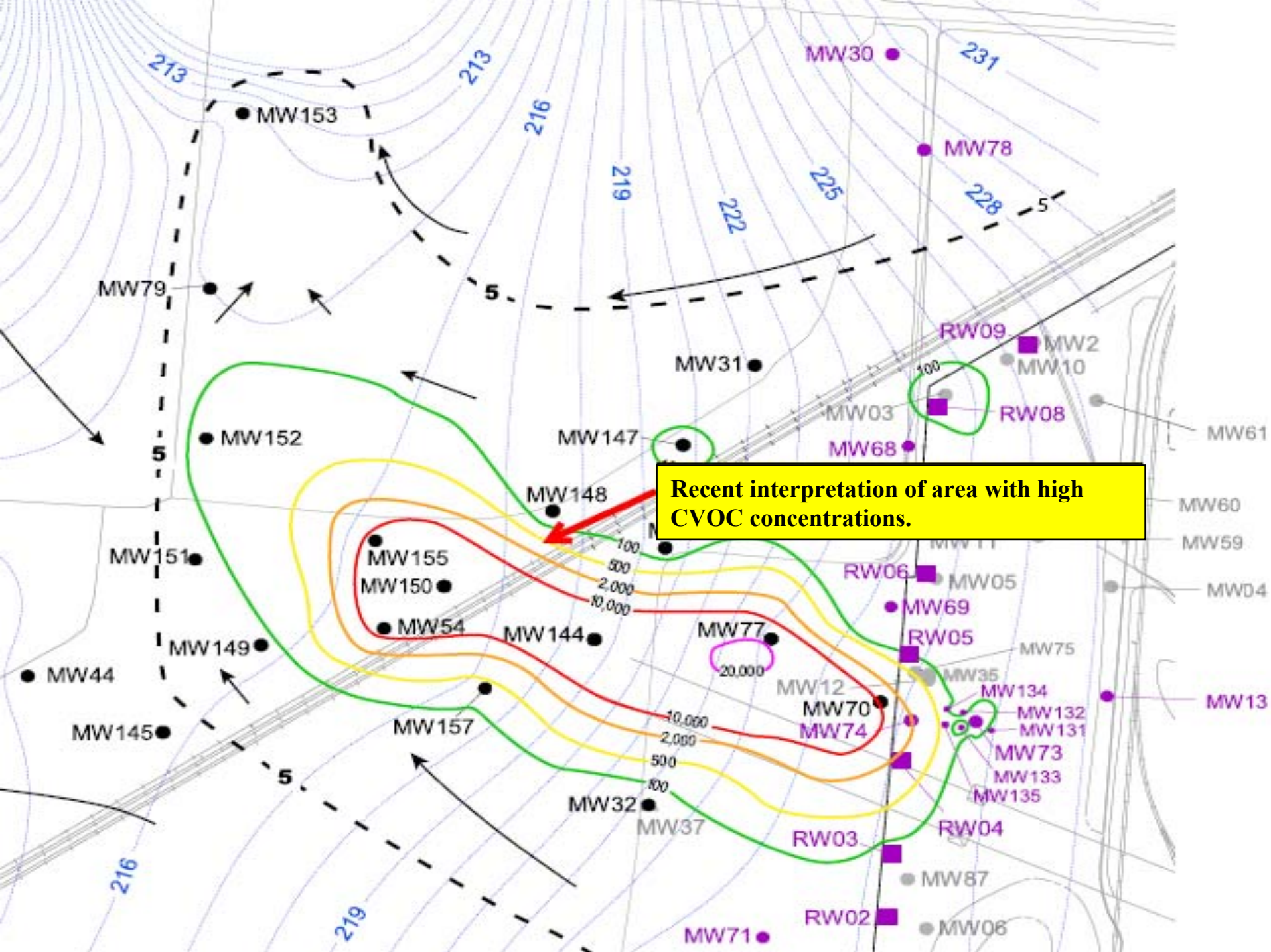
Early Remedy Implementation



- **Additional groundwater monitoring wells installed May-August 2004**
 - **Objective: Define boundary of affected groundwater that has moved offsite from Dunn Field**
- **Data collected from new and existing wells showed higher CVOC concentrations further west than previously thought at the time of the ROD**



Approx. (offsite) area
with CVOCs targeted
for ZVI treatment
(ROD)



Early Remedy Implementation



- The BRAC Cleanup Team (BCT) decided to begin early implementation of Zero-Valent Iron (ZVI) injection
 - To reduce concentrations of CVOCs and create conditions more favorable for the success of the overall groundwater remedy
 - MNA
 - PRB

Early Remedy Implementation



- **ZVI will be injected at leading boundary of the offsite groundwater impacts**
 - Pure iron metal granules or powder
 - Reduces concentration of CVOCs through a chemical reaction
- **In-situ Chemical Reduction Treatability Study at Dunn Field revealed significant, rapid reduction of CVOCs in groundwater after ZVI injection**

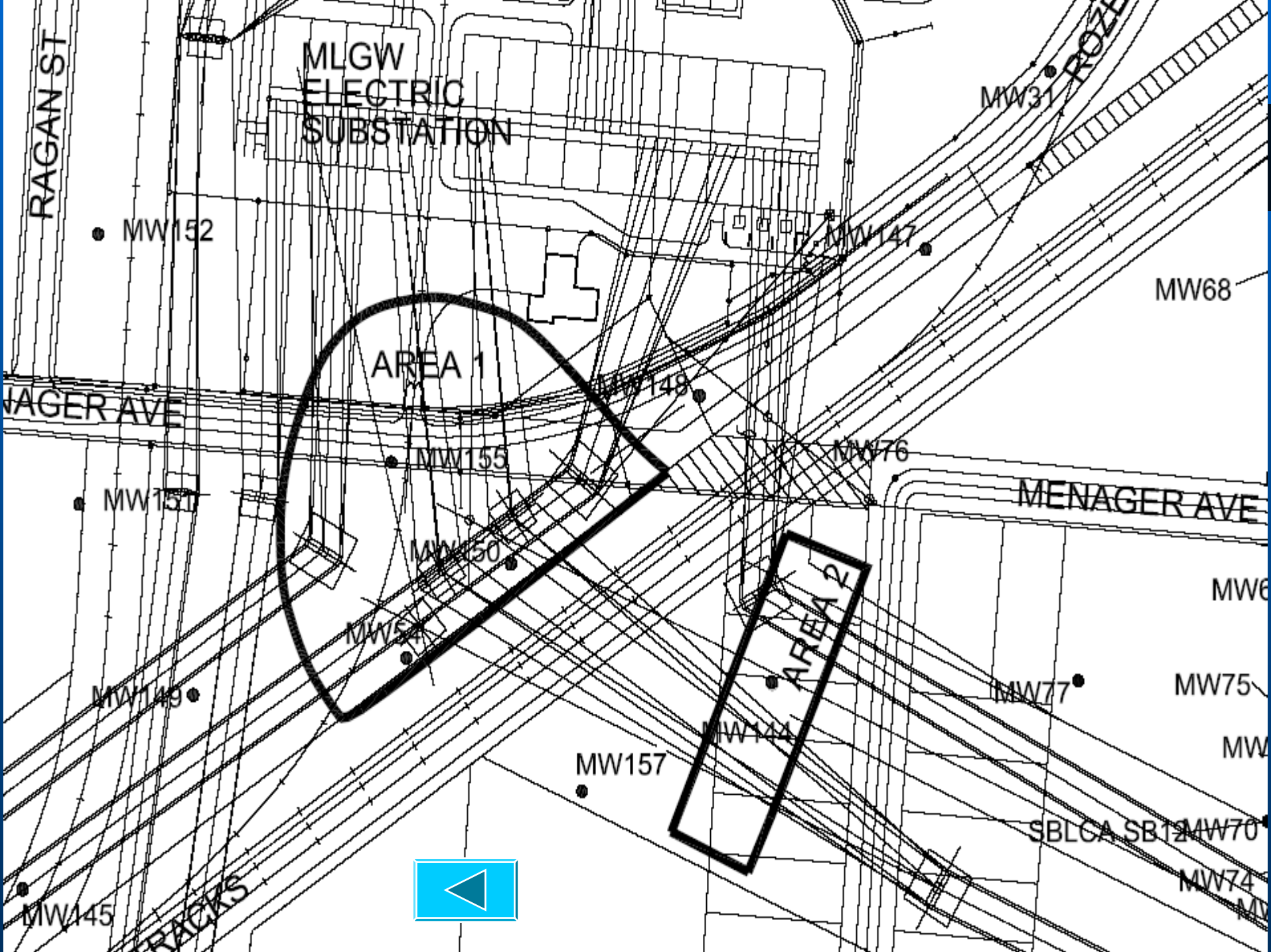
Early Remedy Implementation



- ZVI injection will be implemented in primary and secondary treatment areas
- The early remedy implementation field effort will include three main activities:
 - Installation of additional monitoring wells
 - Installation of ZVI injection points and injection of the ZVI into the fluvial aquifer 80-100 feet below the surface
 - Monitoring of groundwater prior to and subsequent to the injection

Area Map

Next slide



Early Remedy Implementation

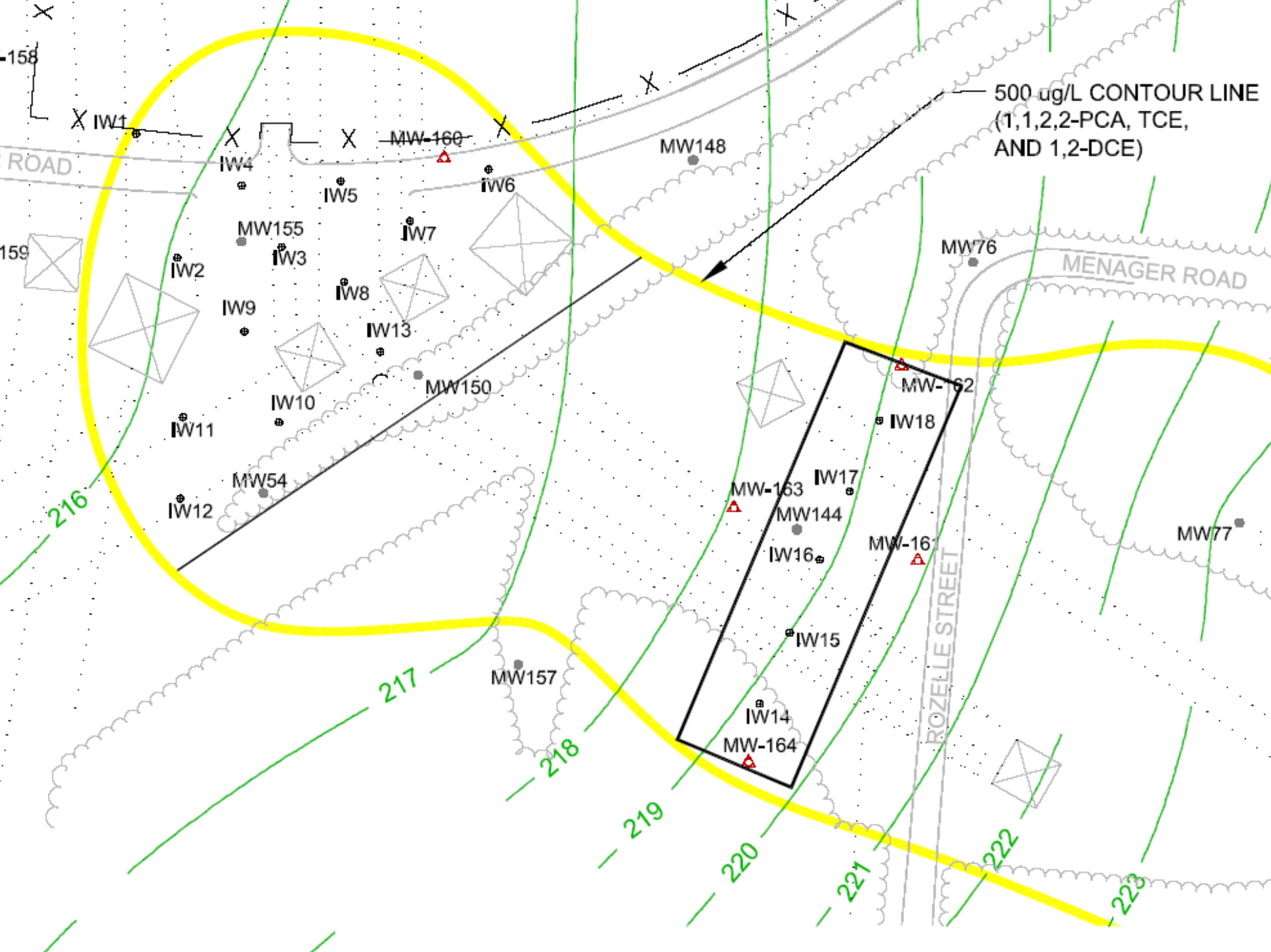


- **Installation of additional monitoring wells:**
 - Approximately eight new monitoring wells installed at seven locations up gradient and downgradient to the ZVI injection areas
 - completed October 2004
 - Define the boundary for the early implementation areas
 - Confirm reduction in CVOC levels
 - through post-injection monitoring

Early Remedy Implementation



- **Installation of ZVI injection points and injection of the ZVI into the shallow aquifer:**
 - Approximately 18 injection points and 175,000 pounds of ZVI to be injected (work expected to begin in November 2004)
 - Approximately 30 days to accomplish effort
 - Involves use of drill rig, injection equipment, and support vehicles



Early Remedy Implementation



- **Early Implementation results will be:**
 - Reported to BCT
 - Included in a Technical Memorandum as part of Dunn Field RD
 - Presented to RAB/community (EnviroNews, RAB meeting)

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